

A White Paper by Jupitice

## Next-Generation End-to-End Digital Preliminary Inquiry System



## Contents

01	 The Problem Statement
03	 Challenges in the Current Preliminary Inquiry System
03	 2.1 At IO Level
04	 2.2 At Supervisory Level
04	 2.3 At Complainant & Witness Level
05	 Time-Sensitive Processes & Tasks
05	 The Solution- "Next-Generation End-to-End Digital Preliminary Inquiry System"
06	 4.1 Key Capabilities
06	 4.2 Architectural View of Digital Preliminary Inquiry System
07	 4.3 Process Flowchart
07	 4.4 Business Intelligence, Data Analytics & Customized Reports

01

### **The Problem Statement**

n the wake of the **Bharatiya Nagarik** (Second) Sanhita Suraksha of 2023, the legal landscape in India witnessed a transformative shift with the enforcement of section 173(1)(i), mandating the completion and submission of Preliminary Inquiries by the police within a stringent time frame of 14 days. Along with the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha (Second) Sanhita of 2023, the Supreme Court of India and other High Courts have instructed the Police of all states to complete the preliminary inquiries within the stipulated timeline citing the 'Lalita Kumari Vs. Government of UP and Others'. This landmark judgment also underscores the imperative for a swift efficient administration of justice, and necessitating a departure from archaic paperbased and manual procedures to embrace a digital paradigm.

However, in the contemporary lawenforcement landscape, Inquiry Officers (IOs) and groundlevel police personnel often face significant challenges due to **inadequate computer proficiency, particularly in typing skills** required for preparing Inquiry reports. This deficiency exacerbates the already burden some process of conducting inquiries, as outlined in the Preliminary Inquiry guidelines, which necessitate completion within a strict 14-day timeframe.

The failure to adhere to these timelines not only complicates ongoing cases but also exposes the police department to potential legal repercussions, as courts may take stringent actions against non-compliance. Hence, recognizing the impending crisis and the need to alleviate the strain on IOs, a digital solution emerges as a vital imperative. Embracing digital solutions is not merely an option but an imperative step towards modernizing and optimising the functioning

of law enforcement agencies in the digital age.



02

### **Challenges in the Current Preliminary Inquiry System**

#### 2.1 At IO Level

01	Heavy manual typing/data entry work	13	In-person meetings for recording statements
02	Complex procedure of recording statements	14	Manually writing statements on paper on the spot
03	Writing the statements while also analyzing & asking requisite follow-up questions	15	Manual Typing of Handwritten Statements in a Computer for Digitalisation
04	Manual organization of documents once drafted	16	Physical collection of information & documents in folders
05	Sending postal summons/reminders manually	17	Physical sharing of information & documents
06	Duplication of Tasks for the sake of digitisation	18	Higher possibility of errors in recording and record keeping
07	Ineffective & inefficient collaboration	19	Ineffective & inefficient collaboration
08	Missing dates & time	20	Conflicting date & time
09	Scheduling delays	21	Complex & time-consuming Inquiry report preparation
10	Requirement to work from desk	22	Complaint records only accessible from desk
11	Searching within complaint records is time- consuming and error-prone	23	No tracking of summon non-compliance
12	Possibility of loss of information & records due to natural disasters, mistakes or malice	24	Difficult to ensure complaint record confidentiality
			02

#### 2.2 At Supervisory Level



### 2.3 At Complainant & Witness Level





No seamless review initiation process





### Time-Sensitive Processes & Tasks





### The Solution-Next-Generation End-to-End Digital Preliminary Inquiry System

#### 4.1 An End-to-End AI & Blockchain-powered Platformfrom Filing to Decision, with the following key capabilities:









्या 🤊	>		2	10:28 A	м		\$ 65	. 🗖
←	0	Akriti	Карс	or				<b>■</b> < :
Ne	o Statem	nent Coll	ected Ye	et .				
- ARD	-	HRL	-Hali	AN'	AR!	- ARL	HRL	The
and the second	-	41	434	4	-	-fil-	41	di la
-233	-182	483	-193	-123	-253	-100	483	-1823
-15	-	480	-120	HR	-120	-192	41	480
-		HR)	-	-	-			
-	-	- ARL	-	-	-	42	-	- ARL
-	-HRL	-	-1921	-HEL	-	-	-	WRIT
- ARI	-	-	-	-	-	-set	-	Wel.
-	- ARI				-	-API	-stri	
ester.		HR1	HR1	AR1	HR1	-HE	-R <sup>1</sup>	HR1
-122	-12	-12	-122	-422	-492	-22	-122	490
- ART	-	-1927	-	-filt	-	-	-	-fait
0		0		0		0		A
Audi	0	Video		Camer	a	Gallery	1	Notice

### **4.2 Architectural View of Digital Preliminary Inquiry System**



#### 4.3 Process Flowchart



Integration with multiple channels (Existing System/Handwritten/Emails/ Helpline/Court) etc.



Sharing Summon (Date & time) for recording statements



Identification & approval of potential issues by AI



Preparation of Inquiry Report



Approval by Supervisor



Notification to complainant at

allocation to IO with IO details

Collection of information & Documents



Aggregation of complaints in the system



Review & Allocation of complaints at supervisory officer



Sharing Summons



**Recording Statements of Witnesses** 



### 4.3 Business Intelligence, Data Analytics & Customized Reports

Complaint Filed vs. Complaint Closed Vs

Real-time Monitoring – Complaint Filed,

vs. international, Country-wise)

Complaint Disposed Off, Complaints Pending (Issue-wise, Geography-wise, EO-wise, Domestic

Complaint into FIR

01	Finding Patterns & Trends and automated anomaly detection
02	Real-time Average Inquiry Time 11
03	Average Numbers of Summons for each Inquiry
04	Average Number of Peshi for each Inquiry
05	Average Inquiry Approval Time
06	Inquiry vs. FIR vs. Conviction Rate
07	Average Recording of Statements Time
08	Average Number of Adjournments of each Inquiry
09	Average Number of Visits by EO

# Next-Generation End-to-End Digital Preliminary Next-Generation End-to-Inquiry System A White Paper by Jupitice White Paper by Jupitice Image: System Image: System



- 📀 Plot No. 14, Rajiv Gandhi Chandigarh Technology Park, Chandigarh, India